Crown Planner - Year Three: <u>Human & Physical – Mountains & Rivers</u>

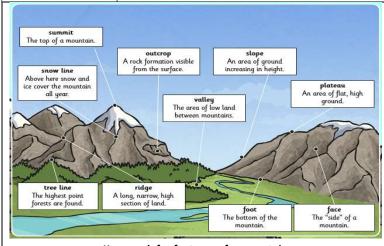
Subject: Geography

Topic Title: Ain't No Mountain High Enough. Who would win in a River competition – Nile or Mersey?

Key vocabulary:

Year group: 3

source (noun)	The source of a river or stream is the place where it begins.
mouth (noun)	Where a river ends / meets the sea or a lake
tributary (noun)	A tributary is a stream or river that flows into a larger one.
Human feature	Human features are things that are built by humans (such as bridges and roads.)
Physical feature	Physical features are natural objects such as mountains and rivers.



Key vocab for features of a mountain

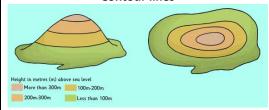


CURRICULUM
Cross Curricular links:

History – Ancient Egypt (River Nile)



Contour lines



Term: Spring term

Hours: 6 lessons

Key Knowledge:

- Mount Everest is the world's highest mountain and it is 8,850m high.
- Generally, mountains are higher than 600m. If they are less they are called hills.
- The Pennines are a mountain range in England they stretch from the Peak District to the Scottish border. Their total length is about 250 mi(402 km) They're the source of the River Mersey.
- The mouth of the River Mersey is the Irish Sea
- The Nile is the longest river in the world. It is 6,650 km long. The mouth is the Mediterranean Sea.



River Nile

Prior learning

Human & Physical features (Y2, Y3) Continents (Y2)

River Mersey, Merseyside, River Avon (Y3 counties unit), Pennines (mouth) – Y3 counties unit

Future learning: Water Cycle (Y4), Hoover Dam (Y5), Lakes (Y5)

